

genetics intermediate inheritance incomplete dominance answer key Complete Guide

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Understanding the principles of genetics is fundamental to grasping how traits are inherited and expressed in living organisms. Among the various modes of inheritance, intermediate inheritance and incomplete dominance are particularly intriguing because they challenge the simple dominant-recessive paradigm. To help students and enthusiasts alike, an answer key to questions related to genetics, intermediate inheritance, and incomplete dominance can serve as a valuable resource. This article provides a comprehensive overview of these concepts, offering clear explanations, examples, and an answer key to common questions.

What Is Genetics? An Overview

Genetics is the branch of biology that studies genes, heredity, and genetic variation in living organisms. It explains how traits are passed from parents to offspring and how genetic information influences physical characteristics and biological functions.

Key Concepts in Genetics

- **Gene:** A segment of DNA that codes for a specific trait.
- **Allele:** Different forms of a gene.
- **Genotype:** The genetic makeup of an organism.
- **Phenotype:** The observable characteristics or traits of an organism.
- **Homozygous:** Having two identical alleles for a trait.
- **Heterozygous:** Having two different alleles for a trait.

Intermediate Inheritance and Incomplete Dominance

Intermediate inheritance and incomplete dominance represent patterns of genetic inheritance where neither allele is completely dominant over the other. Instead, the heterozygous phenotype is a blend or intermediate of the two homozygous phenotypes.

Definitions and Differences

- **Incomplete Dominance:** A form of intermediate inheritance where the heterozygote's phenotype is a blend of the two homozygotes' phenotypes. It is characterized by a partial expression of both alleles.

- **Intermediate Inheritance:** Often used interchangeably with incomplete dominance, but it generally emphasizes the intermediate nature of phenotype expression.

Examples of Incomplete Dominance

- **Snapdragon Flower Color:** Red (RR) and White (WW) cross to produce pink (RW).
- **Carpenter Ants:** The cross between different worker castes may show intermediate traits.
- **Blood Group Inheritance:** The ABO blood group system is more complex but can show incomplete dominance in some cases.

Genetics Intermediate Inheritance Incomplete Dominance Answer Key

To solidify understanding, here are some common questions along with their answer keys related to intermediate inheritance and incomplete dominance.

Question 1: What is the phenotype of heterozygous individuals in incomplete dominance?

Answer: The phenotype is intermediate between the two homozygous phenotypes. For example, in snapdragons, heterozygous plants (RW) display pink flowers, blending red and white.

Question 2: In a cross between two pink-flowered (RW) snapdragons, what are the expected genotypic and phenotypic ratios?

Answer:

- **Genotypic ratio:** 1 RR : 2 RW : 1 WW
- **Phenotypic ratio:** 1 Red : 2 Pink : 1 White

This demonstrates the classic Mendelian ratio for incomplete dominance.

Question 3: Why does incomplete dominance produce a blending phenotype, unlike complete dominance?

Answer: Because neither allele is fully dominant, both are expressed to some extent in heterozygotes, resulting in a phenotype that is a mixture or intermediate of the two traits.

Question 4: Can incomplete dominance be observed in human traits? Provide an example.

Answer: Yes. An example includes certain cases of hair texture, where heterozygous individuals may have wavy hair that is intermediate between straight and curly.

Question 5: How does incomplete dominance differ from codominance?

Answer: In incomplete dominance, the heterozygote displays a blend of the two traits, whereas in codominance, both traits are fully expressed simultaneously. For example, in cattle, red and white coat colors show codominance resulting in roan patterns.

Visualizing Inheritance Using Punnett Squares

Punnett squares are essential tools for predicting genetic outcomes in crosses involving incomplete dominance.

Example: Cross between two pink-flowered snapdragons (RW x RW)

RWRRR (Red)RW (Pink)WRW (Pink)WW (White)

Expected ratios:

- Genotypic: 1 RR : 2 RW : 1 WW
- Phenotypic: 1 Red : 2 Pink : 1 White

Applications of Understanding Intermediate Inheritance and Incomplete Dominance

Grasping these concepts has practical implications across various fields:

- **Plant Breeding:** Creating new flower colors by exploiting incomplete dominance patterns.
- **Medical Genetics:** Understanding how certain traits or conditions may display incomplete dominance, influencing diagnosis and counseling.
- **Evolutionary Biology:** Studying how intermediate traits affect survival and adaptation.

Summary and Key Takeaways

- Incomplete dominance results in heterozygous individuals displaying an intermediate phenotype.

- Neither allele is fully dominant, leading to blending traits.
- Classic example: Pink snapdragon flowers from red and white parents.
- Punnett squares predict genotypic and phenotypic ratios in such crosses.
- Recognizing incomplete dominance helps in understanding complex inheritance patterns beyond simple dominant-recessive models.

Final Tips for Students and Educators

- Practice with various examples to reinforce understanding.
- Use visual aids like Punnett squares to predict outcomes.
- Remember that terminology may vary; "intermediate inheritance" and "incomplete dominance" are often used interchangeably.
- Explore real-life examples to see these principles in action.

By mastering the concepts of genetics, intermediate inheritance, and incomplete dominance, learners can better interpret inheritance patterns in both plants and animals. Utilizing answer keys and practice questions enhances comprehension, making complex genetic principles more accessible and applicable in scientific and educational contexts.

Genetics Intermediate Inheritance Incomplete Dominance Answer Key: An In-Depth Review

Understanding the nuances of genetic inheritance is fundamental to grasping how traits are passed from one generation to the next. Among the various modes of inheritance, intermediate inheritance and incomplete dominance stand out for their intriguing deviations from classic Mendelian genetics. When students or educators seek clarity on these concepts, answer keys serve as essential tools for verifying understanding and practice. This review aims to explore the core ideas behind intermediate inheritance and incomplete dominance, their features, and how answer keys facilitate learning in this area.

Introduction to Genetics and Inheritance

Genetics is the branch of biology concerned with the study of genes, heredity, and variation in organisms. Central to genetics is understanding how traits are inherited, which involves the transmission of genetic material from parents to offspring. Classical Mendelian genetics describes dominant and recessive alleles, leading to predictable phenotypic ratios.

However, not all traits follow simple dominant-recessive patterns. Some display intermediate inheritance or incomplete dominance, where heterozygotes exhibit a phenotype that is intermediate between the two homozygotes. Recognizing these patterns is crucial for accurate genetic analysis and understanding biological diversity.

What is Intermediate Inheritance?

Intermediate inheritance refers to a genetic scenario where the phenotype of heterozygous individuals is distinct and intermediate relative to both homozygous conditions. This form of inheritance blurs the clear-cut dominant-recessive distinction and results in a blending of traits.

Features of Intermediate Inheritance

- The heterozygote phenotype is a blend or mixture of the two homozygous phenotypes.
- Neither allele is completely dominant over the other.
- The inheritance pattern often produces a phenotypic ratio of 1:2:1 in the offspring.
- It is common in certain flower colors, coat colors in animals, and other traits.

Examples of Intermediate Inheritance

- Snapdragon flower color: Crossing red and white varieties results in pink flowers.
- Coat color in rabbits: Crosses between black and white rabbits produce grey offspring.
- Human traits: Some conditions, such as certain blood types or skin pigmentation, may show intermediate features.

Understanding Incomplete Dominance

Incomplete dominance is often used interchangeably with intermediate inheritance, but it is a specific term that describes a genetic pattern where heterozygous individuals display a phenotype that is a blend of both homozygous phenotypes.

Features of Incomplete Dominance

- The heterozygote exhibits a phenotype that is intermediate, not identical to either homozygote.
- Both alleles influence the phenotype equally.
- The inheritance results in a 1:2:1 genotypic ratio and often a similar phenotypic ratio.
- It explains variations in traits where neither allele is dominant.

Examples of Incomplete Dominance

- Flower color in snapdragons: Red (RR), white (WW), pink (RW).
- Human hair texture: Curly (CC), straight (cc), wavy (Cw).

- Almond shape in certain plants: Where heterozygotes produce an intermediate shape.

Difference Between Incomplete Dominance and Complete Dominance

| Feature | Complete Dominance | Incomplete Dominance |

|-----|-----|-----|

| Heterozygote phenotype | Same as dominant homozygote | Blended or intermediate |

| Example | Purple flower (PP) and white flower (pp) produce purple in heterozygous | Red (RR), white (WW), pink (RW) |

| Genotypic ratio | 1:2:1 | 1:2:1 |

Role of Answer Keys in Learning Genetics

Answer keys serve as vital educational resources for students and teachers working through genetics problems involving intermediate inheritance and incomplete dominance. They provide correct solutions, explanations, and models that reinforce understanding.

Features of Effective Answer Keys

- Clear step-by-step solutions to problems.
- Visual aids, such as Punnett squares and phenotypic ratios.
- Explanations of why certain outcomes occur.
- Clarification of terminology and concepts.

Advantages of Using Answer Keys

- Verification of understanding: Students can check their work for accuracy.
- Learning reinforcement: Seeing correct solutions helps internalize concepts.
- Error correction: Identifies misconceptions or mistakes early.
- Preparation for assessments: Builds confidence and readiness.

Limitations of Answer Keys

- Over-reliance may hinder independent problem-solving.

- May not encourage conceptual understanding if used passively.
- Sometimes lack detailed explanations for complex problems.

Practical Applications of Incomplete Dominance in Genetics

Understanding intermediate inheritance and incomplete dominance has practical implications across various fields:

- Agriculture: Breeding programs can select for desired intermediate traits, such as flower color or fruit ripening times.
- Medicine: Recognizing how certain traits or conditions are inherited aids in genetic counseling.
- Conservation biology: Managing genetic diversity by understanding inheritance patterns.

Pros and Cons of Studying Intermediate Inheritance and Incomplete Dominance

Pros:

- Enriches understanding of genetic diversity.
- Explains phenotypic variations that do not follow simple Mendelian patterns.
- Enhances problem-solving skills through Punnett square analysis.
- Provides insight into real-world genetic scenarios.

Cons:

- Can be confusing for beginners accustomed to dominant-recessive models.
- May require more complex diagrams and explanations.
- Not all traits follow intermediate inheritance, leading to potential misconceptions.

Features of Effective Teaching Resources and Answer Keys

When preparing or selecting answer keys for genetics problems involving incomplete dominance, certain features are desirable:

- Detailed explanations: Clarify why certain phenotypic ratios occur.
- Visual representations: Use of Punnett squares, diagrams, and charts.
- Terminology clarity: Definitions of intermediate inheritance and incomplete dominance.

- Practice problems: Diverse questions to reinforce concepts.
- Alignment with curriculum: Suitability for high school or college-level courses.

Conclusion

The study of genetics intermediate inheritance incomplete dominance answer key is central to understanding the complexity of trait inheritance beyond Mendelian principles. Recognizing how heterozygotes display intermediate phenotypes provides a more accurate and nuanced view of biological diversity. Answer keys play a crucial role in educational contexts by offering correct solutions and facilitating effective learning. They help students internalize concepts, develop problem-solving skills, and appreciate the intricacies of genetic inheritance. As genetics continues to evolve, mastering these foundational concepts remains essential for students, educators, and professionals in biological sciences.

QuestionAnswer What is incomplete dominance in genetics? Incomplete dominance is a form of inheritance where the heterozygous phenotype is a blend of the two parental traits, resulting in an intermediate appearance, rather than one trait being completely dominant over the other. Can you give an example of incomplete dominance? Yes, an example is flower color in snapdragons, where crossing red and white flowers results in pink flowers in the heterozygous state. How does incomplete dominance differ from complete dominance? In complete dominance, one allele completely masks the effect of the other in heterozygotes, showing only the dominant trait. In incomplete dominance, neither allele is fully dominant, leading to a blended or intermediate phenotype. What is the significance of understanding incomplete dominance in genetics? Understanding incomplete dominance helps in predicting inheritance patterns, explaining phenotype variations, and studying genetic diversity in populations. How do you identify incomplete dominance in a Punnett square? In a Punnett square, if crossing two heterozygotes results in three phenotypes in a 1:2:1 ratio where the heterozygous phenotype is intermediate, this indicates incomplete dominance. What is the answer key approach to learning intermediate inheritance and incomplete dominance? The answer key provides correct responses to typical questions about incomplete dominance, helping students verify their understanding and practice predicting genetic outcomes effectively.

Related keywords: genetics, intermediate inheritance, incomplete dominance, Mendelian genetics, heterozygous, phenotype, genotype, allele, dominant, recessive

incomplete grade uwm

incomplete grade uwm is a term that many students at the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee

(UWM) might encounter during their academic journey. An incomplete grade, often abbreviated as "I," serves as a temporary notation indicating that a student has not completed all the coursework requirements for a class within the standard semester timeline. This situation can arise due to various reasons, including personal emergencies, health issues, or unforeseen circumstances that prevent students from finishing assignments, exams, or projects on time. Understanding the policies surrounding incomplete grades at UWM is crucial for students to manage their academic records effectively and avoid potential academic or financial repercussions.

Understanding the Incomplete Grade at UWM

What Is an Incomplete Grade?

An incomplete grade (I) at UWM signifies that a student has been unable to complete part of their coursework by the end of the semester but is still in good academic standing. This grade is not a permanent mark but rather a placeholder that indicates the student needs additional time to fulfill course requirements. Once the necessary work is completed, the instructor will assign a final grade, replacing the incomplete.

Why Do Incomplete Grades Occur?

Incomplete grades are typically granted under specific circumstances, including:

- Serious illness or injury
- Family emergencies
- Military service obligations
- Other unforeseen circumstances beyond the student's control

It's important to note that students requesting an incomplete must usually demonstrate that they have completed a significant portion of the coursework and that the remaining work is feasible within a specified timeframe.

UWM Policies on Incomplete Grades

At UWM, the policies for handling incomplete grades are outlined in the university's academic regulations. The key points include:

- Instructors must approve the request for an incomplete.
- Students should initiate the request before the final examination or the last week of classes.
- The instructor will specify a deadline (often within one year) for completing the coursework.

- If the work is not completed by the deadline, the incomplete may automatically convert to a failing grade (F) or a designated grade, depending on the instructor's discretion.

How to Request an Incomplete Grade at UWM

Steps to Request an Incomplete

If you find yourself in a situation where an incomplete is necessary, follow these steps:

- Contact your course instructor as soon as possible to discuss your circumstances.
- Complete any required forms or documentation, which may be available through UWM's student portal or the registrar's office.
- Provide a clear explanation of your situation and your plan to complete the coursework.
- Secure the instructor's approval before the deadline for requesting an incomplete (usually before finals week).

Documentation Needed

Depending on the reason for the incomplete, you may need to provide supporting documentation, such as:

- Medical certificates for health-related issues
- Official notices for emergencies or military service
- Other relevant documentation as required by the instructor or university policies

Completing an Incomplete at UWM

Timeline for Completing Coursework

UWM generally allows students up to one year to complete an incomplete grade. However, this period can vary depending on the instructor's discretion, the nature of the coursework, and individual circumstances. It's vital for students to:

- Communicate regularly with their instructors
- Adhere to the agreed-upon deadline
- Submit all remaining work promptly

Consequences of Not Completing on Time

If the coursework is not completed within the specified timeframe:

- The incomplete grade may automatically convert to a failing grade (F).
- The student's academic record reflects the final grade, affecting GPA and academic standing.
- Extended deadlines are typically not granted unless exceptional circumstances are approved through formal appeals.

Implications of an Incomplete Grade at UWM

Impact on Academic Progress

An incomplete grade can temporarily impact a student's academic record, especially if it remains unresolved for an extended period. It may:

- Delay graduation if key courses are involved
- Affect eligibility for scholarships or financial aid that require a certain GPA
- Influence academic standing if multiple incomplete grades accumulate

Financial Considerations

Students should be aware that:

- Incomplete grades do not typically affect tuition or fees directly.
- If coursework is not completed and the grade converts to F, it may impact financial aid eligibility, especially if the scholarship or aid is contingent on maintaining a specific GPA.

Transcripts and Academic Records

An incomplete grade appears on official transcripts as a temporary notation. Once the coursework is completed, the final grade replaces the incomplete. It's important to:

- Review your academic record regularly
- Ensure all outstanding coursework is submitted within the deadline

Strategies for Managing Incomplete Grades at UWM

Proactive Communication

Maintaining open communication with instructors is essential. If you anticipate difficulty completing coursework:

- Inform your instructor early
- Discuss possible arrangements or extensions
- Seek guidance from academic advisors

Planning and Time Management

To avoid incomplete grades:

- Stay organized and adhere to deadlines
- Break down assignments into manageable parts
- Prioritize coursework during stressful times

Utilizing Campus Resources

UWM offers various resources to support students:

- Academic advising services
- Writing centers and tutoring services
- Counseling and health services
- Disability services for students with documented needs

Leveraging these resources can help students stay on track and manage unforeseen challenges effectively.

Appealing an Incomplete Grade at UWM

When to Consider an Appeal

If a student believes an incomplete grade was assigned unfairly or due to extenuating circumstances, they may consider submitting an appeal. Grounds for appeal might include:

- Instructor error or inconsistency
- Lack of proper notification or approval
- Unforeseen circumstances preventing timely completion

Appeal Process

The typical steps involve:

- Contacting the academic department or registrar's office
- Submitting a formal appeal with supporting documentation
- Awaiting review and a final decision from the appropriate committee or administrator

Conclusion

An **incomplete grade uwm** is a useful academic tool that provides students with the flexibility to complete coursework when facing unforeseen challenges. However, it requires proactive management, clear communication, and adherence to university policies to ensure that it does not negatively impact academic progress. Students should familiarize themselves with UWM's policies, utilize campus resources, and plan ahead to minimize the likelihood of unresolved incomplete grades. By understanding the process and responsibilities involved, students can maintain their academic records effectively and continue working toward their educational goals with confidence.

Incomplete Grade UWM: Navigating the Policy and Implications

Incomplete grade UWM is a term that students and faculty at the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee (UWM) often encounter during the academic year. While it may seem straightforward at first glance, understanding the nuanced policies, procedures, and implications surrounding this grading option is essential for students aiming to plan their academic careers effectively. This article delves into the comprehensive details of what an incomplete grade entails at UWM, how it differs from other grades, the process of requesting one, and the potential consequences and benefits associated with it.

Understanding the Incomplete Grade at UWM

What Is an Incomplete Grade?

An incomplete grade, often denoted as "I" on transcripts, is a temporary designation given to students who, due to unforeseen circumstances, are unable to complete all coursework requirements within the standard academic timeline. At UWM, the incomplete grade is designed to provide students with an opportunity to finish their coursework without penalty, provided they meet specific conditions set by the instructor and university policies.

Unlike a failing or withdrawal grade, an incomplete indicates that the student has completed most of the coursework but requires additional time to fulfill remaining requirements. When awarded

appropriately, it preserves the student's academic record and allows for the possibility of converting the "I" into a final grade once the coursework is completed.

Difference Between Incomplete and Other Grades

Understanding how an incomplete differs from other grades is crucial:

- Incomplete (I): Temporary; student must complete coursework within a specified period.
- Failing (F): Indicates failure to meet course requirements; final grade assigned.
- Withdrawal (W): Student opts to withdraw from the course, often without academic penalty.
- Passing (P): Indicates satisfactory completion, applicable in certain courses like Pass/Fail options.

The key distinction is that an incomplete is a placeholder, granted under specific conditions, with the expectation that the student will complete the remaining work.

The Policy Framework for Incomplete Grades at UWM

Eligibility Criteria

UWM's policies stipulate that an incomplete grade may only be granted under certain conditions:

- The student has completed a substantial portion of the coursework.
- The student faces extraordinary circumstances (such as illness, family emergencies, or other compelling reasons).
- The request is made before the course concludes or within a specified timeframe after the semester ends.

Instructors have the discretion to approve or deny requests based on these criteria, ensuring that the policy remains equitable and consistent.

Time Limits for Completing Incomplete Work

UWM typically grants students a finite window to complete their outstanding coursework, often:

- One academic semester beyond the term in which the course was taken.
- Up to two semesters in exceptional cases, with approval from the instructor and academic advisor.

Failure to complete the coursework within this timeframe usually results in the "I" being converted into a failing grade or another designated grade, depending on the circumstances.

Procedures for Requesting an Incomplete

Students interested in obtaining an incomplete grade should follow these steps:

- Consult with the Instructor: Discuss the situation and seek approval.
- Complete an Incomplete Grade Form: Usually available through the Registrar's Office or online portal.
- Provide Documentation: Medical notes, emergency declarations, or other relevant evidence may be required.
- Submit the Form: Before the course deadline, ideally prior to the end of the semester.
- Agree on a Completion Plan: Including deadlines for submitting remaining work.

It's important to note that instructors are not obligated to grant an incomplete and may set specific conditions for approval.

Implications of an Incomplete Grade at UWM

Academic Record and Transcripts

An incomplete grade appears on transcripts as "I" and remains until the student completes the remaining coursework. Once completed, the instructor submits a change of grade, and the "I" is replaced with the final grade. If not completed within the designated time, the "I" automatically converts to a failing grade, impacting GPA and academic standing.

Impact on GPA and Academic Standing

- Before completion: The "I" does not affect GPA.
- After conversion to a grade: The final grade impacts GPA accordingly.
- Potential penalties: If the incomplete lapses into a failing grade, it may influence eligibility for honors, scholarships, or progression.

Financial and Graduation Considerations

- Students on financial aid or scholarships should verify whether an incomplete affects their funding.

- Incomplete grades can delay graduation if they are tied to course prerequisites or degree requirements.
- It's advisable to resolve incomplete grades promptly to avoid administrative complications.

Benefits and Drawbacks of Taking an Incomplete

Advantages

- Flexibility in Crisis: Provides breathing room during personal or health emergencies.
- Avoids Failing Grades: Allows students to maintain a better academic record.
- Opportunity for Quality Work: Ensures students can submit their best work without penalty.

Potential Drawbacks

- Time Pressure: Limited window to complete coursework; failure to do so results in a failing grade.
- Administrative Hassle: Additional paperwork and coordination.
- Impact on Planning: Might delay graduation or complicate course scheduling for future semesters.

Best Practices for Students Considering an Incomplete

- Act Promptly: Request the incomplete as soon as difficulties arise.
- Communicate Clearly: Keep open lines of communication with instructors and advisors.
- Understand Deadlines: Know the specific timelines for completing coursework.
- Document Everything: Maintain records of all correspondence and agreements.
- Plan Accordingly: Use the extension to complete coursework efficiently.

Conclusion: Navigating the Incomplete Grade at UWM

The incomplete grade policy at UWM offers a vital lifeline for students facing unexpected challenges, but it requires careful navigation. Understanding the eligibility criteria, procedural steps, and implications ensures that students can make informed decisions that align with their academic and personal situations. While an incomplete can provide the flexibility needed during difficult times, it also comes with responsibilities and deadlines that must be met to avoid adverse effects on academic standing and graduation plans.

Ultimately, proactive communication and planning are key. Students are encouraged to consult with

faculty and academic advisors to determine the best course of action when facing circumstances that might warrant an incomplete. With proper management, an incomplete grade can serve as a bridge rather than a barrier, helping students complete their educational goals without undue stress or penalty.

Question What does an incomplete grade (I) mean at UWM? An incomplete grade (I) at UWM indicates that a student has not finished their coursework by the end of the term due to extenuating circumstances. It allows additional time to complete the remaining coursework. **How do I request an incomplete grade at UWM?** To request an incomplete, students should contact their instructor before the end of the semester, discuss the reasons, and complete any required forms, which are then approved by the instructor and recorded by the registrar. **What is the deadline to complete coursework for an incomplete grade at UWM?** Typically, students have until the end of the following semester to complete their coursework and convert the incomplete to a passing grade. Specific deadlines are outlined in the incomplete agreement or by UWM policies. **Can I convert an incomplete grade to a passing grade at UWM?** Yes, by completing all outstanding coursework within the designated time frame, your instructor can assign a final grade, which replaces the incomplete. **What happens if I don't complete my coursework for an incomplete grade at UWM?** If coursework is not completed by the deadline, the incomplete grade usually converts to a failing grade (such as an F) or the grade specified in the incomplete agreement, impacting your GPA and academic standing. **Are there any restrictions on receiving an incomplete grade at UWM?** Yes, incomplete grades are generally granted only if the student has completed a significant portion of the coursework and has a valid reason for not finishing on time. Instructors have discretion in approving such requests. **How can I check the status of my incomplete grade at UWM?** You can check your grades and their status through UWM's student portal or by contacting the registrar's office. Incomplete grades are usually marked distinctly in your academic record.

Related keywords: incomplete grade university of wisconsin-milwaukee, UWM grading policies, UW Milwaukee incomplete grade, incomplete grade notification, UWM academic policies, incomplete grade process UW, UW Milwaukee grading system, incomplete grade deadline, UWM student resources, incomplete grade appeal

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